Is Moon littered with Dinosaur Fossils and fossilised flora- fauna of Mesozoic Era

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A more than 50 kilometer span of space at moon surface is observed as densely littered with fossils of Mesozoic Era, which has been traced by Jagmohan Saxena an amateur astronomer. It may raise a new debate of evolution of Moon, Animals & Flora Fauna thereof. This area is identified at South pole (Near side)- between the crater Mazinus E to Boguslawsky H crater and at Nusi S crater. These are the areas which are densely littered with Dinosaur fossils along with other animals of Mesozoic Era. It may be possible that fossils of flora and fauna of Mesozoic Era may also be found at the site.

The fossils found under the Moon surface are likely identified as a skull of T-Rex, and 2 Skeleton of Brechosaurs, one skeleton of Protoceratopsian one more skull and one piece of probably protoceratopsian, with bone joint structure is also observed. These have been observed under the surface of the moon.

Though the huge area of moon is identified to be littered with such type of big animal fossils of Mesozoic Era. But the area where clear structures are visible separately, have been reported here. This finding may raise the question about the formation of Moon. Has the moon been formed just 6.5 crores years before. Or has it been littered by fossils through some asteroids departed from Earth. Or it's been the parallel evolution of Dinosaurs at Earth and Moon simultaneously. It might be the matter of further studies and discussion. Because there has been a vast gap between the period of evolution of moon and Dinosaurs. As moon is supposed to come in Existence 4.5 billion years ago whereas Dinosaur are supposed to come in existence just few crores of years ago. (as per table attached).

What period are these relics, how did they reach the moon. Is the sequence of destruction of Dinosaur on Earth related to the derivation of the moon? All these points generate deep curiosity. Which will enable us to enrich future science more.

Here I am presenting the details of images taken from Iroc.asu.edu site-

Pic- 1 is a possible Skeleton of Brechosaurs at Boguslawsky M crater of South pole near side of Moon at a latitude of -72.98287° (N) and at a Longitude of 30.67932° (S).

Pic- 1 and 2 are of a Skeleton of Brechosaurs at Boguslawsky M and Boguslawsky C crater of South pole near side of Moon at a latitude of -72.98287° (N) and at a Longitude of 30.67932° (S).

Pic-3 is an artist Impression of Brechosaurs to compare with fossil.

(Pic-4) is likely to be of T-REX skull observed at Mazinus D crater of South pole near side at Moon under surface at a latitude of -69.01897° (N) and longitude of 25.25510° (S)

Pic-5 an Artist Impression of T- Rex

Pic- 6 looks like a Protoceratopsian-Skeleton At Nusi S crater at south pole of moon under surface at a latitude of 31.29498° (N) and at Longitude of 164.13693° (S).

Pic-7 An Illustration of Protoceratopsian at Gobi desert from the book- The Dinosaur

Pic-8 & 9 are unspecified Bony structures

Pic-10 Nomenclature of Craters of the area identified as littered with fossils of Dinosaurs .

Pic-11 is showing categories of animals and Flora and fauna on Earth.

Pic-12 Showing the Various period of Mesozoic Era

Pic-13 Showing the Isotopic evidence of Warmth on Earth.

Technic used for identification of claimed Stuff at under Moon surface is as follows-

For the study presented here, we present a spectral and photologic analysis of the data of the Moon Mineralogy Mapper (M3) device provided by the Lunar Reconnaissance Orbiter Camera (LROC).

To provide a geologic basis for interpreting available fossils under the lunar surface, we have used the Moon Mineralogy Mapper (M3), LRO camera Filters of Lunar Orbiter Laser data. Which presents a detailed geologic map of the lunar surface. It could not be seen directly on the surface of the moon. Because it is a structure buried under many layers inside the geosphere, which is not possible to identify above the surface of the moon by the bare eyes. The region has a relatively slow sloping topography and thus suffers from highly contrasting illuminated and shady surfaces. Whose multi-disciplinary study shows that the surface of the moon is filled with bones of animals and birds of the great Jurassic period. Flora and Fauna in its fossilized state is also probably available at the site.

Various imagery available on the LROC site has been used for accurate information and reliable analysis of the site, using GLD100 + LOLA (Slope) layer of Act / Virtual layers (Experimental) to analyze the data available on the LROC panel. Also images used by LROC Wide Angle Camera Basemaps- wide angle camera Mosaic + NACs have been used for clear bright image.

M3 spectra are used primarily for half-meter pixel resolution narrow angle camera (NAC) imagery for locations marked for spectroscopic description and for a geological map.

Images

(Pic-1)

Skeleton of Brechosaurus at Boguslawsky M crater of South pole near side of Moon.

Thermal picture of Brechosaurus

NAME	Boguslawsky H
CLEAN_NAME	Boguslawsky H
ORIGIN	Palm Heinrich Ludwig von; Germ (1789-1851).
DIAMETER	21.1259
CENTER_LON	29.0593235856516
CENTER_LAT	-72.8199979968217
TYPE	Satellite Feature
CODE	SF
APPROVAL	Adopted by IAU
MIN_LON	27.8982028961182
MAX_LON	30.2243480682373
MIN_LAT	-73.1180610656738
MAX_LAT	-72.5218696594238
ETHNICITY	Germany
CONTINENT	Europe
QUAD_NAME	Manzinus
QUAD_CODE	LAC-138
LINK	http://planetarynames.wr.usgs.gov

-72.98287, 30.6793

Go

Lat:

-72.83466

Lon:

29.09814

(Pic- 2) Skeleton of Brechosaurus

NAME Boguslawsky C
CLEAN_NAME Boguslawsky C
ORIGIN Palm Heinrich Ludwig von; Germ
(1789-1851).
DIAMETER 34.48
CENTER_LON 27.6980348264378
CENTER_LAT -70.9939119032397
TYPE Satellite Feature
CODE SF
APPROVAL Adopted by IAU
MIN_LON 25.9503078460693
MAX_LON 29.4456615447998
MIN_LAT -71.5625534057617
MAX_LAT -70.4252662658691
ETHNICITY Germany
CONTINENT Europe
QUAD_NAME Manzinus
QUAD_CODE LAC-138
LINK <http://planetarynames.wr.usgs.gov>

-70.55366, 28.3455

Go

Lat:
-71.01979
Lon:
27.69562

(Pic-3) Artist Impression of Brechosaurus

(Pic-4) T-REX skull at Manzanus D crater South pole near side at Moon

Thermal picture of Skull of T- Rex

12:43

VoLTE+
LTE1

Projections

Orthographic (Farside)

Orthographic (Nearside)

Equidistant Cylindrical (±75 deg)

NAME	Manzinus E
CLEAN_NAME	Manzinus E
ORIGIN	Manzini, Carlo Antonio; Italia (1599-1677).
DIAMETER	18.1369
CENTER_LON	25.1483157853859
CENTER_LAT	-68.9793754770529
TYPE	Satellite Feature
CODE	SF
APPROVAL	Adopted by IAU
MIN_LON	24.3145847320557
MAX_LON	25.9820499420166
MIN_LAT	-69.278434753418
MAX_LAT	-68.6803150177002
ETHNICITY	Italy
CONTINENT	Europe
QUAD_NAME	Manzinus
QUAD_CODE	LAC-138
LINK	http://planetarynames.wr.usgs.gov

Time Control

2020-11-27 07:13:15 UTC

-69.0189

Go

Lat:

-68.

Lon:

25.1

Pic-5 an Artist Impression of T- Rex

Pic- 6 Protoceratopsian-Skeleton
At Nusi S crater

Thermal Picture of Protoceratopsian

NAME	Nušl S
CLEAN_NAME	Nusl S
ORIGIN	Frantisek; Czechoslovakian as 1925). (Spelling changed from
DIAMETER	41.6352
CENTER_LON	164.107967766393
CENTER_LAT	31.1942990557566
TYPE	Satellite Feature
CODE	SF
APPROVAL	Adopted by IAU
MIN_LON	163.306226730347
MAX_LON	164.909673690796
MIN_LAT	30.507776260376
MAX_LAT	31.880823135376
ETHNICITY	Czechoslovakia
CONTINENT	Europe
QUAD_NAME	Komarov
QUAD_CODE	LAC-49
LINK	http://planetarynames.wr.usgs.gov

31.2949

Go

Lat:

31.1

Lon:

164.

Pic-7 An Illustration of Protoceratopsian at Gobi desert from the book- The Dinosaur

BONY structures-

Pic-8 (Likely) protoceratopsian - skeleton

Pic-9 Bony structure

Pic-10 Nomenclature of the Craters by the Courtesy of LROC site of Arizona Space University.

Pic-11 categories of animals and flora and fauna on earth

Pic-12 Table showing the period of Mesozoic Era Animals and Flora fauna at earth.

Pic-13 Isotopic evidence of Warmth.

Reference -

- Imagery - courtesy LROC, Arizona State University.
- The Dinosaurs - (1970) W.E.Swinton
- Wikipedia