Differential expression of KAT6A in cancer of the vulva.

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In these brief notes we document work using published microarray data (1, 2) to pioneer integrative transcriptome analysis comparing vulvar carcinoma to its tissue of origin, the vulva. We report the differential expression of lysine acetyltransferase 6A, encoded by KAT6A, in cancer of the vulva. KAT6A may be of pertinence to understanding transformation and disease progression in vulvar cancer (3).

Keywords: vulvar cancer, vulvar carcinoma, KAT6A, lysine acetyltransferase 6A.

Gynecologic cancers include cervical cancer, ovarian cancer, endometrial (uterine) cancer, and vulvar cancer (4, 3). Vulvar cancer is thought to be the least prevalent of these, with 6190 cases reported in the United States in 2018 (5). We integrated separate published microarray datasets to understand, at the systems level, the transcriptional landscape of vulvar carcinoma.

Methods

We utilized microarray datasets GSE63678 (1) and GSE38228 (2) for this integrated, transcriptome-level differential gene expression analysis of human vulvar cancers in conjunction with GEO2R. GSE63678 was generated using Affymetrix Human Genome U133A 2.0 Array technology with $n=7$ normal vulvar tissues and $n=6$ vulvar carcinoma tissues; analysis was performed using platform GPL571. GSE38228 was generated using Illumina HumanHT-12 V4.0 expression beadchip technology with $n=5$ normal vulvar tissues and $n=13$ vulvar SCC (squamous cell carcinoma) tissues; analysis was performed using platform GPL10558. The Benjamini and Hochberg method of p -value adjustment was used for ranking of differential expression but raw p -values were used to assess statistical significance of global differential expression. Log-transformation of data was auto-detected, and the NCBI generated category of platform annotation was used. A statistical test was performed to evaluate whether KAT6A expression was significantly different between normal vulva and vulvar cancer using a two-tailed t -test.

Results

We mined published microarray data (1, 2) to understand the most significant transcriptional changes between the normal vulva and cancer of the vulva.

KAT6A is differentially expressed in vulvar cancer.

We found that lysine acetyltransferase 6A, encoded by KAT6A, was among the most differentially expressed genes, transcriptome-wide, in cancer of the vulva (1). When sorting each transcript whose expression was measured across the transcriptome based on significance of change between the normal vulva and vulvar cancer tissues, KAT6A ranked 66 out of 22277 total transcripts, equating to 99.7% differential expression (Chart 1) (1). Differential expression of KAT6A was statistically significant (Chart 1; $p=6.15E-06$).

We validated our findings by performing this same analysis using a second published microarray dataset (2). When sorting each transcript whose expression was measured across the transcriptome based on significance of change between the normal vulva and vulvar cancer tissues, KAT6A ranked 2487 out of 47323 total transcripts, equating to 94.7% differential expression (Chart 2) (2). Differential expression of KAT6A was again statistically significant (Chart 2; $p=9.43E-04$).

KAT6A expression is higher in cancer tissue as compared to the vulva.

We obtained exact mRNA expression data from the first microarray dataset we mined to directly compare expression levels between control and cancer tissues. KAT6A was expressed at significantly higher levels in cancer of the vulva as compared to normal vulva. KAT6A was expressed at 9.94 ± 0.25 arbitrary units (A.U.) in normal vulva, but at 8.67 ± 0.35 A.U. in vulvar cancer tissues (Figure 1). We

1 calculated a mean fold change of 0.87 in KAT6A expression when comparing vulvar carcinoma to vulva.
2

3 **Discussion**

4 We documented here that KAT6A is differentially expressed at the transcriptome level in cancer of
5 the human vulva (1, 2). KAT6A is a candidate gene of interest in understanding the transcriptional
6 biology of vulvar cancer.
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Rank: 66
Probe ID: 202423_at
p-value: 6.15E-06
t: 7.151678
B: 4.24901
Gene: KAT6A
Gene name: lysine acetyltransferase 6A

Chart 1: Differential expression of KAT6A in vulvar cancer.

Rank of differential expression, probe ID, *p*-value of global differential expression, *t*, a moderated *t*-statistic, *B*, the log-odds of differential expression between the groups compared, gene and gene name are listed in this chart.

Rank: 2487
Probe ID: ILMN_2095840
p-value: 9.43E-04
t: 3.9343453
B: -0.96122
Gene: KAT6A
Gene name: lysine acetyltransferase 6A

Chart 2: Differential expression of KAT6A in vulvar cancer.

Rank of differential expression, probe ID, *p*-value of global differential expression, *t*, a moderated *t*-statistic, *B*, the log-odds of differential expression between the groups compared, gene and gene name are listed in this chart.

Figure 1: KAT6A is expressed at significantly higher levels in vulvar cancer as compared to normal vulva.

The mRNA expression level of KAT6A in the normal vulva (left) and in vulvar carcinoma (right) is graphically depicted with the result of a statistical test evaluating significance of difference in KAT6A expression between the two groups, a *p*-value, listed above.